CHEMISTRY 12 – OXIDATION #S AND REDOX REACTIONS WORKSHEET #2

1)	1) Electrons are lost by the (1 mark)				
(reducing agent as it undergoes oxidation	reducing agent as it undergoes reduction	oxidizing agent as it undergoes oxidation	oxidizing agent as it undergoes reduction	
2) An oxidizing agent is (1 mark)					
	reduced as it loses electrons	reduced as it gains electrons	oxidized as it loses electrons	oxidized as it gains electrons	
3)	Chlorine gas is a stronger oxidizing agent than silver sulphide. What is meant by the term <i>stronger</i> oxidizing agent? (1 mark)				
	A stronger oxidizing agenthan the other chemical sp		electrons, and is therefore	more readily reduced	
4)	Al $_{(s)}$ is a stronger reducing agent than Cr $_{(s)}$. What is meant by the term <i>stronger reducing agent</i> ? (1 mark)				
	A stronger reducing agent has a higher ability to lose electrons, and is therefore more readily oxidized than the other chemical species.				
5)	5) Which of the following is the strongest reducing agent? (1 mark)				
	$\mathrm{Cu}^{^{+}}$	Pb	Ca	F_2	
6)	6) Which of the following is the strongest oxidizing agent? (1 mark)				
	$egin{pmatrix} Br_2 \end{pmatrix}$	H_2Se	Ag^+	SO_4^{2-}	
7)	7) The acidified substances H ₂ O ₂ , H ₃ PO ₄ and H ₂ SO ₃ in order of increasing strengths as oxidizing agents are: (1 mark)				
	H_2O_2, H_3PO_4, H_2SO_3	H ₂ SO ₃ , H ₃ PO ₄ , H ₂ O ₂		H_2O_2, H_2SO_3, H_3PO_4	
8) Which of the following is the weakest oxidizing agent? (1 mark)					
	Cu^{2+}	Pb^{2+}	$\left(Ni^{2+}\right)$	Sn^{2+}	
9) Which of the following is the strongest reducing agent? (1 mark)					
	H_2S	H_2O	H_2Se	H_2Te	
10) List the ions Co ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ and Zn ²⁺ in order from strongest to weakest oxidizing agents. (1 mark)					
	$Zn^{2+} > Co^{2+} > Cu^{2+}$	$Co^{2+} > Cu^{2+} > Zn^{2+}$	$Cu^{2+} > Zn^{2+} > Co^{2+}$	$Cu^{2+} > Co^{2+} > Zn^{2+}$	
11) Which of the following is the weakest reducing agent? (1 mark)					
	Co	Cu	Ca	Cr	
12) Which of the following is the strongest oxidizing agent? (1 mark)					
	BrO ₃	ClO ₄	$S_2O_8^{2-}$	$\operatorname{Cr_2O_7}^{2-}$	

13) Which of the following is the strongest reducing agent? (1 mark)

 Sn^{2+}

 Fe^{2+}

 $Mn^{2^{+}}$

14) Identify the reducing agent in the following reactions: (8 marks)

Undergoes oxidation: loses electrons & oxidation #1

$$Hg^{2+} + Cu \longrightarrow Hg + Cu^{2+}$$

$$+2$$
 +6 +3 +2-2 +5
3(NO)+ SO_4^{2-} + Fe^{3+} + 2 $H_2O \rightarrow FeS$ + 3 NO_3^- + 4 H^+

$$+2$$
 +7 +4 +2
 $(Sn^{2+})+ MnO_4^- \rightarrow Sn^{4+} + Mn^{2+}$

15) Identify the oxidizing agent in the following reactions: (8 marks)

Undergoes reduction: gains electrons & oxidation # V
Pb +
$$(PbO_2)$$
 + 4 H⁺ + 2 SO_4^{2-} \rightarrow 2 $PbSO_4$ + 2 H_2O

$$Ga^{3+}$$
 + 3 Rb \rightarrow 3 Rb⁺ + Ga

3 NO +
$$SO_4^2$$
 + Fe^{3+} + 2 H₂O \rightarrow FeS + 3 NO₃ + 4 H⁺

OR

This is an example of a reaction where 2 chemicals work together to act as an oxidizing agent

 $CO + SO_4^2 + 4 H^+ \rightarrow CO^{2+} + H_2SO_3 + H_2O$
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$$+2$$
 O O $+2$ $(Hg^{2+})+ Cu \rightarrow Hg + Cu^{2+}$